

MATH 280 - QUIZ #31

Name: KEY

Directions: Please show all work for maximum credit. This quiz is worth 14 points. Good luck!

(3 points) 1. Given $w = x^3yz^2 + y^2z$, $x = 4t - 1$, $y = 3t^2 + 2$, $z = 2t + 1$. Find $\frac{dw}{dt}$.

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$= (3x^2yz^2)(4) + (x^3z^2 + 2yz)(6t) + (2x^3yz + y^2)(2)$$

$$= 12(4t-1)^2(3t^2+2)(2t+1) + 6t((4t-1)^3(2t+1)^2 + 2(3t^2+2)(2t+1)) + 2(2(4t-1)^3(3t^2+2)(2t+1) + (3t^2+2)^2)$$

(3 points) 2. Find the derivative of the function $f(x, y) = \frac{x-y}{xy+2}$ at $P_0(1, -1)$ in the direction of $\vec{u} = 12\hat{i} + 5\hat{j}$.

$$|\vec{u}| = \sqrt{144 + 25} = \sqrt{169} = 13$$

$$\hat{u} = \frac{12}{13}\hat{i} + \frac{5}{13}\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}f = \frac{(1)(xy+2) - y(x-y)}{(xy+2)^2} \hat{i} + \frac{(-1)(xy+2) - x(x-y)}{(xy+2)^2} \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}f|_{(1,-1)} = \frac{(-1+2) - 1(2)}{(-1+2)^2} \hat{i} + \frac{(-1)(-1+2) - 1(2)}{(-1+2)^2} \hat{j}$$

$$= 3\hat{i} - 3\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}f \cdot \hat{u} = (3\hat{i} - 3\hat{j}) \cdot \left(\frac{12}{13}\hat{i} + \frac{5}{13}\hat{j}\right) = \frac{36}{13} - \frac{15}{13} = \frac{21}{13}$$

(4 points) 3. Find the equation of the tangent plane and the equation of the normal line at the point $P_0(3, 5, -4)$ on the surface $x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 18$.

$$f_x = 2x \quad f_y = 2y \quad f_z = -2z$$

$$f_x|_{P_0} = 6 \quad f_y|_{P_0} = 10 \quad f_z|_{P_0} = 8$$

Tangent Plane:

$$6(x-3) + 10(y-5) + 8(z+4) = 0$$

$$6x - 18 + 10y - 50 + 8z + 32 = 0$$

$$6x + 10y + 8z - 36 = 0$$

$$3x + 5y + 4z = 18$$

Normal Line

$$x = 3 + 6t$$

$$x = 3 + 3t$$

$$y = 5 + 10t \quad \text{or} \quad y = 5 + 5t$$

$$z = -4 + 8t$$

$$z = -4 + 4t$$

(4 points) 4. Find all the local maxima, local minima, and saddle points of the given function.

$$f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 3xy + 4y^2 - 5x + 2y$$

$$f_x = 4x + 3y - 5 \quad f_y = 3x + 8y + 2$$

$$4x + 3y - 5 = 0 \quad \text{AND} \quad 3x + 8y + 2 = 0$$

$$3(4x + 3y = 5) \quad 12x + 9y = 15$$

$$-4(3x + 8y = -2) \quad -12x - 32y = 8$$

$$\hline -23y = 23$$

$$y = -1$$

$$4x + 3(-1) = 5$$

$$4x - 3 = 5$$

$$4x = 8$$

$$x = 2$$

Critical point $(2, -1)$

$$f_{xx} = 4 \quad f_{yy} = 8 \quad f_{xy} = 3$$

$$D = (4)(8) - (3)^2 = 32 - 9 = 23 > 0$$

$$f_{xx} = 4 > 0$$

$(2, -1)$ local minimum.