

**::** Question

(7 points) 1. Solve the following differential equation by using variation of parameters:  $y''-4y'+5y=e^{2x}\tan x$ 

**Question #2** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



**::** Question

(4 points) 2. Solve the following differential equation:

$$3x^2y'' + 7xy' + 2y = 0$$

**::** Question

(4 points) 2. Solve the following differential equation:

$$2x^2y'' + 7xy' + 3y = 0$$

### **Question #3** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



# :: Question

(4 points) 3. Solve the following differential equation:

$$2x^2y'' - 2xy' + 3y = 0$$

# :: Question

(4 points) 3. Solve the following differential equation:

$$3x^2y'' - 2xy' + 4y = 0$$

### Question 4 Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



# :: Question

(4 points) 4. Solve the following differential equation:

$$9x^2y'' - 15xy' + 16y = 0$$

## **Question**

(4 points) 4. Solve the following differential equation:

$$16x^2y'' - 8xy' + 9y = 0$$





(7 points) 5. Solve the following differential equation by using variation of parameters:  $x^2y'' + 4xy' + 2y = 4\ln x$ 

#### **Question #6** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



## **::** Question

- 6. A mass weighing 32 pounds stretches a spring 2 feet. The mass is initially released from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position with an upward velocity of 5 ft/s.
- (7 points) a. Find the equation of motion, x(t). (g = 32 ft/s<sup>2</sup>)
- (2 points) b. Write the equation in the form  $x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ .

#### **::** Question

- 6. A mass weighing 32 pounds stretches a spring 2 feet. The mass is initially released from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position with an upward velocity of 6 ft/s.
- (7 points) a. Find the equation of motion, x(t). (g = 32 ft/s<sup>2</sup>)
- (2 points) b. Write the equation in the form  $x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ .



## **Question**

7. A force of 5 pounds stretches a spring 1 foot. A mass weighing 6.4 pounds is attached to the spring, and the system is then immersed in a medium that offers a damping force numerically equal to 1.6 times the instantaneous velocity.

(7 points) a. Find the equation of motion if the mass is initially released from rest from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position. (g = 32 ft/s<sup>2</sup>)

(1 point) b. What type of motion is this?

# : Question

7. A force of 4 pounds stretches a spring 1 foot. A mass weighing 3.2 pounds is attached to the spring, and the system is then immersed in a medium that offers a damping force numerically equal to 0.4 times the instantaneous velocity.

(7 points) a. Find the equation of motion if the mass is initially released from rest from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position. (g = 32 ft/s<sup>2</sup>)

(1 point) b. What type of motion is this?

Question #8 Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



:: Question

4

8. A mass weighing 4 pounds is attached to a spring whose constant is 2 lb/ft. The medium offers a damping force that is numerically equal to the instantaneous velocity. The mass is initially released from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position with a downward velocity of 12 ft/s. (g =  $32 \text{ ft/s}^2$ )

(7 points) a. Find the equation of motion.

(1 point) b. What type of motion is this?

(2 points) c. Determine the time at which the mass passes through the equilibrium position.

## **Question**

8. A mass weighing 4 pounds is attached to a spring whose constant is 2 lb/ft. The medium offers a damping force that is numerically equal to the instantaneous velocity. The mass is initially released from a point 1 foot above the equilibrium position with a downward velocity of 16 ft/s. (g =  $32 \text{ ft/s}^2$ )

(7 points) a. Find the equation of motion.

(1 point) b. What type of motion is this?

(2 points) c. Determine the time at which the mass passes through the equilibrium position.

**Question #9** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



**Question** 

9. Given an LRC-series circuit where the inductance is  $\frac{5}{2}$  henry, the resistance is 10 ohms, the capacitance is  $\frac{1}{20}$  farad, and the electromotive force is E(t)=400~V.

(7 points) a. If q(0) = 0 and i(0) = 0, find the charge on the capacitor, q(t).

(2 points) b. Find the current, i(t).

## **Question**

9. Given an LRC-series circuit where the inductance is  $\frac{5}{4}$  henry, the resistance is 10 ohms, the capacitance is  $\frac{1}{40}$  farad, and the electromotive force is  $E(t) = 200 \ V$ .

(7 points) a. If q(0) = 0 and i(0) = 0, find the charge on the capacitor, q(t).

(2 points) b. Find the current, i(t).

**Question #10** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



## **::** Question

(3 points) 10. Find the Laplace transform:

$$\mathcal{L}\{7t^4+4\cosh(2t)+5e^{2t}\sin(3t)\}$$

## **::** Question

(3 points) 10. Find the Laplace transform:

$$\mathcal{L}\{5t^3+7\sinh(2t)+2e^{3t}\sin(4t)\}$$

#### **Question #11** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



# **:** Question

(3 points) 11. Find the inverse Laplace transform:  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s+3}{s^2+4s+13}\right\}$ 

### **:** Question

(3 points) 11. Find the inverse Laplace transform:  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s+7}{s^2+8s+65}\right\}$ 

#### **Question #12** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



## Question

(7 points) 12. Solve the following initial-value problem by using Laplace transforms:  $y'' + y' - 2y = 10e^{-t}$ , y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1



(3 points) 13. Given the function  $f(t) = 2 + 3 \mathcal{U}(t-2) + t \mathcal{U}(t-4)$ . Find the Laplace transform  $\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$ .

**Question #14** Pick 1 questions, 0 pts per question



**Question** 

(2 points) 14. Find the inverse Laplace transform:  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s-3}e^{-4s}\right\}$ 

**Question** 

(2 points) 14. Find the inverse Laplace transform:  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s-4}e^{-3s}\right\}$